A large mass of historically valuable records remained where they had always been, in the vaults, the attics, the basements of county court-houses and State office buildings. By now, every old (in fact, almost every non-current) record of the Provincial and State government is in our custody. The county records are all here too for the mandatory period prescribed by law, that is, up to the date of the adoption of the Federal Constitution by Maryland, April 28, 1788, (always, of course, excepting fugitive pieces which are bound to turn up from time to time). Thereafter, the county records are here for varying periods depending on the needs of the county; but in one form or another the Wills are here through the last completed volume and the Land Records will soon be here for every county and Baltimore City through 1949, where the Land Office film begins. At this writing no other state can match this collection of local records.

Very soon the problem of storage space became pressing. The Hall of Records was designed with six stack levels. When it opened its doors, one and one-half levels were assigned to the Land Office; and one other, the sixth, was unfinished and remained so until a general bond issue of 1939 provided the necessary funds to equip it. Its deep shelves were designed especially to house the original Acts of Assembly. There was no further expansion of vault space until September 1958, when the Land Office moved to the new State Office Building, vacating the one and one-half stack levels which it occupied, so that finally, after twenty-three years, the Maryland records were housed in the manner contemplated by the Tercentenary Commission. The Public Rooms of the Land Office on the first floor then became an office for the expanded staff of the Hall of Records. Finally, space for the storage of noncurrent records was provided by the opening of a Record Center in the new State Office Building in Annapolis in September 1958, and a second center in the new Office Building in Baltimore. The total of record storage space available when the Hall of Records opened in 1935 was 7,000 square feet; it is now 22,260 square feet, of which there are 12,000 in the Hall of Records itself, 4,360 in the Annapolis Record Center and 5,900 in Baltimore.

To care for these records there is now a staff of twenty-one, just three times the number of the original staff, and the cost to the tax-payers of Maryland is around fourteen times the original appropriation of \$10,000. (The maintenance of the buildings, at the beginning a responsibility of the Hall of Records Commission, has long since